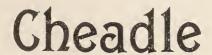
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Rural District Council.



Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health



1909.



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TO THE CHAIRMAN

OF THE

RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Sir,

In presenting my Eighth Annual Report, it is necessary to point out that a certain amount of repetition of matters dealt with in former Reports will be found (in compliance with the directions of the Local Government Board,) on account of the Report having to be submitted to various bodies, some of which are unfamiliar with the Sanitary history of the District.

The total number of deaths registered for the year ending December 31st was 438, as compared with 398 in the preceding year.

The deaths under one year of age amount to 68, equivalent to 15.5 per cent. of the total deaths. The infantile mortality rate has never been very high in this District, nevertheless taken as a whole, there tends to be a more or less steady decline in the rate, and this should become even more marked as time goes on, and the efforts that are being made by the State in this direction have had time to make themselves felt. The chief factor in infantile mortality is improper feeding of infants, and closely associated with this is the question of the employment of mothers (particularly in manufacturing Districts) in industrial occupation, such as mills &c. Frequently in such cases the children are left with a neighbour during the day, while the mother goes to work. Obviously infants must suffer in such circumstances.

The following table shows the total number of deaths for each of the last ten years with the corresponding rate per 1000:—

Year		Deaths	Ra	te per 1000
1900		432		17.2
1901	• • •	423	• • •	17.1
1902		438	• • •	17.7
1903		414	• • •	16.7
1904		467	• • •	18.9
1905	• • •	399	• • •	16.1
1906	• • •	397	• • •	16.1
1907	• • •	466	• • •	18.8
1908	• • •	398	• • •	16.1
1909	• • •	438	• • •	17.7

BIRTHS.

The total number of births registered was 686, as compared with 718 in the previous year. This gives an annual birth-rate of 27.8 per 1000 of the population.

Of the 686 births registered, 373 were males, and 313 females.

The births were distributed over the various registration areas as follows:—Cheadle, 226; Alton, 84; Ipstones, 163; and Dilhorne, 213.

The following table shows the number of births recorded during the last ten years, and the rate per 1000, of the population:—

Births	Ra	te per 1000
 750	• • •	30
 735		29.8
 797	* * *	32.3
 733	• • •	29.7
 789		31.9
 689		27.9
 749	• • •	30.3
 657		26.6
 718	• • •	29.1
 686		27.8
	750 735 797 733 789 689 749 657 718	750 735 797 733 789 689 749 657 718

Twenty-one illegitimate births were registered during the year distributed as follows:—Cheadle, 12; Ipstones, 6; and Dilhorne, 3. In the previous year there were twelve illegitimate births recorded as follows:—Cheadle, 4; Alton, 2; Ipstones, 2; and Dilhorne, 4.

No figures are available except for these two years, as the Registrars have only recently supplied the returns.

The percentage of deaths occurring under one year of age, as compared to the recorded births is 9.9.

Mortality from different Diseases.

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.

The total number of deaths from diseases of the Respiratory System was 72, compared to 80 in 1908.

Included in this number are 21 deaths from Tuberculous Phthisis; 15 from Pneumonia; 26 from Bronchitis; and 8 from Influenza.

The following table shows the comparative number of deaths from each disease of the Respiratory System for the last nine years:—

	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909
Phthisis—Tuberculous	36	42	25	33	*24	31	48	31	21
Pneumonia	21	29	33	23	26	19	31	15	15
Bronchitis	31	10	17	32	20	22	28	21	26
Influenza	4	5	7	5	17	2	5	13	8
Pleurisy	2	2		1	2		1		2
Other Respira'y Diseases				5		_			0
Total	94	88	82	99	89	72	113	80	72
Percentage	22	19.9	19.8	21.1	22:3	18.1	24	20.1	16.2

The number of deaths from Tuberculous Phthisis during 1909 was 21 (compared to 31 in 1908) and giving a percentage mortality of 4.7.

It will be noticed in the above table that the death-rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis is much lower than it has been in any of the preceding nine years.

There were 16 deaths during the year from Tuberculous diseases other than Tuberculosis of the lungs, compared to four in the previous year.

HEART DISEASE.

The number of deaths from this cause was 42, compared to 45 in 1908, and 61 in 1907.

The percentage mortality is 9.5 of the total deaths.

Infectious Diseases.

There were 32 deaths from Infectious Diseases, as compared with nine in 1908, and 21 in 1907.

The following table gives the number of deaths from Infectious Diseases for the last ten years:—

	(13 g to) (1 g to 2	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909
Scarlet Fever	u 0 0 0	6	4	1		5 -	6	3	1	1	1
Diphtheria		5	8	4	6	3	3	3	4	2	11
Measles	• •	18	0	4	1	0	1	0	5	5	2
Whooping Cough	• •	1	7	3	9	7	4	0	10	1	14
Enteric Fever		2	3	4	1	1	1	3	0	0	3
Small-Pox	• •	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Erysipelas		/				2	0	1	1	0	1
Ċroup	• • • • •							2	0	0	0
${ m Total}$	• • • •	32	22	16	19	18	15	12	21	9	32
Percenta	ge	7.4	5.2	3.6	4.5	3.8	3.7	3	5.6	2.2	7.3

UNCERTIFIED DEATHS.

The following are the figures for the last five years: 1905, 1; 1906, 3; 1907, 5; 1908, 5; 1909, 4.

INQUESTS.

Twenty-one Inquests were held by the Coroner during the year. This figure does not include those cases where an enquiry was made but no inquest held.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

It may be mentioned that the Notifiable Diseases include Smallpox, Diphtheria and Membranous Croup, Erysipelas, Scarlet Fever, Typhus Fever, Enteric or Typhoid Fever, and Puerperal Fever.

During 1909, 160 cases of Infectious Disease were notified, compared to 123 in 1908, and giving a rate of of 6.5 per 1000 of the population.

The following table gives the number of Notifications of each Infectious Disease for the last nine years:—

	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909
Scarlet Fever .	. 116	66	2 5	170	93	75	47	55	91
Diphtheria .	. 102	48	17	32	42	83	48	33	50
Erysipelas	. 7	7	8	11	15	6	8	14	2
Enteric Fever .	. 10	23	10	9	7	13	8	21	16
Puerperal Fever .	. 5	3	2	2	2	1	3	0	1
Small-Pox .	. 0	4	6	6	3	0	0	0	0
Total .	. 240	151	68	230	162	178	114	123	160

The following table shows the distribution and number of Infectious cases notified during the year in each of the four Registration Districts, viz: Cheadle, Alton, Ipstones, and Dilhorne.

			Cheadle	Alton	Ipstones	Dilhorne
					+ 444	
Diphtheria		• •	10	4	6	30
Erysipelas	• •		.1.	0	0	1
Scarlet Feyer	• •		19	18	2	52
Enteric Fever			5	2	3	6
Puerperal Fever		• •	1	0	0	0
Total	••	• •	36	24	11	89

SCARLET FEVER.

The total number of cases of Scarlet Fever notified during the year was 91, being an increase of 36 cases over the previous year. By far the largest number of cases occurred at Adderley Green and the Meir Districts, but in no District did the disease assume epidemic proportions during the year. One case of Scarlet Fever proved fatal, giving a percentage mortality of 1.1 of the total number of cases of Scarlet Fever.

ENTERIC FEVER.

Sixteen cases of Enteric Fever were reported during the year, as compared with 21 cases in 1908. Of the 16 cases, 5 occurred in the Cheadle Registration area, 2 in Alton, 3 in Ipstones, and 6 in the Dilhorne District. Three of the sixteen cases proved fatal, giving a percentage mortality of 18.7 of the total cases of Enteric Fever.

DIPHTHERIA.

Fifty cases of Diphtheria were notified during the year, as compared to 33 in the previous year. Eleven of the cases proved fatal, giving a death rate of 22 per cent.

The medical men in the District continue to make free use of the opportunity of having the aid of skilled Bacteriological examination in doubtful cases of Diphtheria, Enteric Fever and Tuberculous Phthisis. This is carried out at Birmingham University by arrangement with the Staffordshire County Council, no charge being made to medical men sending specimens for examination. Upwards of fifty specimens were sent to the University from this District during the year, and reported on after examination.

The District Council has arranged, as mentioned in last year's Report, to refund to medical men the cost of Antitoxine used in the case of poor patients who are unable to pay for it themselves. By this means the latest and most effective means of treatment has been placed within the reach of the very poorest patients, and seeing that it has proved the means of effecting a marked reduction in the number of deaths from Diphtheria, especially when administered early, this should prove a great boon to the poor.

SMALL POX.

No cases of Small Pox occurred during the year in this District. The last cases reported were in 1905.

The District Council continues to contribute towards the maintenance of the North Staffordshire Joint Small Pox Hospital which enables the Council to send any cases of Small Pox to the Board's Hospital, at Bagnall, near Hanley. This arrangement proved of great service to the District Council during the last epidemic of Small Pox a few years ago, when the nineteen cases which occurred in this District were all sent there.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

The Isolation Hospital at Moss Lane, about one mile from Cheadle, provides accommodation for patients suffering from Diphtheria, Enteric Fever, and Scarlet Fever. Since it was opened in May, 1904, 434 patients have been treated there.

The following table shows the number of cases notified of each of the diseases (Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, and Enteric Fever) together with the number admitted into the Hospital during the last five years:—

	19	05	19	906 1907			19	08	1909	
	Notified	Admitted	Notified	Admitted	Notified	Admitted	Notified	Admitted	Notified	Admitted
Diphtheria	42	10	83	43	48	21	33	14	51	33
Scarlet Fever	93	60	72	49	47	28	55	42	93	50
Enteric Fever	7	3	13	1	8	6	21	7	18	10
Total	142	73	168	93 ,	103	55	109	63	162	93

The Hospital is equipped with a Thresh's Disinfector, a "Discharging" Block, consisting of a room for undressing, leading to a bath-room, and this connects with a dressing-room, so arranged that the patients once they leave one room, shall not re-enter it. There is a detached Mortuary. The water supply comes from Cheadle, and the Hospital is in telephonic communication with the Clerk and Medical Officer day and night. The County Council contributes one-third of the annual cost of the maintenance.

During 1909, ninety-three cases of Infectious Diseases were admitted into the Isolation Hospital as follows:—Thirty-three of Diphtheria, fifty of Scarlet Fever, and ten of Enteric Fever. Eight deaths occurred in the Hospital during the year, viz:—Four from Diphtheria, one from Scarlet Fever, and three from Enteric Fever.

NOTIFICATION OF PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS.

Eighteen cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were notified under the new Act (Poor Law). Nine of these were resident

in the Cheadle Union Workhouse, viz: seven males and two females, and nine were living in their own homes in the Cheadle Union District, of whom four were males, and five females.

WATER SUPPLIES.

The town of Cheadle is supplied with water by the Cheadle Waterworks, which obtains its supply from the red sandstone formation, which is porous and acts as an excellent filter, so that the water is both good and abundant.

The Geological formation of the Cheadle District lends itself to a good and plentiful supply to its different localities. The water-bearing strata are made up chiefly of limestone and the red sandstone. The more Rural parts of the District derive their supply from deep wells, and in places from shallow wells.

Caverswall, Blythe Bridge, Adderley Green, and Districts, obtain their supply from the Staffordshire Potteries Waterworks.

Kingsley and Froghall have an excellent supply, derived from natural springs, situated at Shirley Hollow, near Whiston.

The Kingsley water main has been extended from Kingsley to the Woodhouse by way of Kingsley Holt. a very important extension. At present the great majority of the houses at Kingsley Holt derive their supplies from shallow wells, and some of the houses have to carry their drinking water a considerable distance. Not one of these wells is free from more or less serious risk of pollution from surface drainage, and steps are being taken to deal with this matter, so as to procure a proper supply from the above-mentioned main which passes right through this District.

Six samples of drinking water have been analysed, two of which were found defective, and a fresh source of supply was found in each case.

SANITARY WORK.

The Sewage Outfall Works at Oakamoor were completed last February, as regards the first portion of the Scheme, which has been carried out with the approval of the County Medical Officer. This deals with about two-thirds of the village, which is now provided with sewers, a septic tank and filter beds. The other portion of the Scheme, it is understood, will be taken in hand shortly. One of the objects in carrying out this Scheme is to do away with the pollution of the river Churnet at Oakamoor.

Sewers have received attention at Wetley Rocks, Forsbrook,

Adderley Green, Cheadle, and Dividy Lane, and have been extended at Alton and Kingsley.

Ashes, and night-soil are removed by contract at Cheadle, Forsbrook, Blythe Bridge, The Meir, Adderley Green, Werrington, and Oakamoor. About 8,250 removals of night-soil and ashes were carried out, in all, during the year, under the supervision of the Sanitary Inspector.

Several carcases have been examined and destroyed, without being seized.

The Manchester Public Health Department sent information regarding a cow suffering from Tuberculosis, on a farm sending milk to Manchester, and the cow was subsequently destroyed, with the concurrence of the owner.

Ninety-two houses and one school have been disinfected after Infectious Diseases. Several lots of bedding have been destroyed after Phthisis, and others have been disinfected.

Attention has been called by the Inspector to defects in eighteen cow-sheds, all of which were dealt with after notice.

In five cases attention has been called by the Inspector to dangerous buildings, &c. and also to defects in 142 Privies, paving of yards twenty-seven, drainage 149; manure, and nuisances arising in connection therewith, 7; fowls and pigs improperly kept 5; cesspits 3; ash-pits 204; defective W. C's 4.

Three cases of overcrowding have been dealt with.

Owing to Sanitary defects, one dwelling house was closed without an order being made.

Official notices were served respecting the want of a proper water supply to 22 houses.

Thirteen inspections were made in connection with Lodging-houses.

Forty-two inspections of Canal-boats were made during the year by the Inspector. In one or two instances the boats were found over-crowded owing in each case to the presence of the boatman's family.

WORKSHOPS AND FACTORIES.

There are 139 Workshops, Factories and Bake-houses on the Register, in this District, as compared with 130 in 1908, 127 in 1907, and 123 in 1906. The Register is kept by the Sanitary Inspector.

During the year, the Inspector made five inspections of Factories, 81 of Workshops, making a total of 86 inspections.

In connection with these inspections, one written notice was served by the Inspector.

Under the Public Health Acts, two defects were detected and dealt with in connection with Factories and Workshops. In one of these cases, the Sanitary accommodation was defective, and this was remedied after notice. The other case referred to was a nuisance coming under the P. H. Act, and this was also remedied.

Two lists of Out-workers were received from employers twice in the year, with the names of two Contractors and nine Out-workers (workwomen.)

In one list were the names of one Contractor and five Outworkers engaged in the making of artificial flowers, and in the other list were the names of one Contractor and four Out-workers engaged in silk winding.

H. M. Inspector of Factories notified the District Council of a matter in connection with a Factory, which was remediable under the Public Health Acts, but not under the Factory and Workshop Act.

Tables of Statistics are appended.

I am, Sir,

Yours obediently,

W. R. GIBSON, M.B.

Medical Officer of Health.

Cheadle, January 31st, 1910.

					Dan La	e		- 6-2-1	DB 488								
	aths at	g to the rict	Rate*	13		17 4	17.2	17.9	100.00			•	14.6	12.5		15	35
	Nett Deaths at all Ages	District	Number	12		435	426	442	328	386	326	305	362	310		368	333
	Deaths of Residents	in Public Institu-	beyond the District			ಣ	က	4	0	9	0	_	ಣ	0		7	õ
the state of the s	Deaths of Non-	registered in Public	tions in the District	0					98	87	73	93	107	88		88	110
	Total	Deaths in Public	in the District	6	17	73	101	105	96	116	103	113	131	112		96	131
	in	At all Ages	Rate*	8	17.1	17.2	17.1	2.21	16.7	18.9	16.1	16.1	18.8	161		17.1	17.7
	registered strict	At all	Number	1	394	432	423	438	414	467	399	397	466	398		422	438
	Total Deaths registered in the District	Year	Rate per 1000 Births	registered 6	122.1	122.6	122.4	102.8	106.4	96.1	107.4	88.1	111.1	82-1		1.901	1.66
	Tota	Under 1 Year of Age	Number	9	06	9.5	90	8.5	78	92	74	99	73	69		78	89
	Births		Rate*	4	31.6	30	29.8	32.3	29.7	31.9	27.9	30.3	56.6	29.1		29.9	27.8
	Bir		Number	ಣ	737	750	735	197	733	784	689	749	657	718		734	9 8 9
	Population	estimated to middle	year	2	23000	25000	24657	24657	24657	24657	24657	24657	24657	24657		24525	24657
		Year		,	1899	0061	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	Averages for	years 1899-1908	1909

Rates in Columns 4, 8, and 13 calculated per 1900 of estimated population

NOTE.—The deaths included in Column 7 of this Table are the whole of those registered during the year as having actually occurred within the district or division. The deaths included in Column 12 are the number in Column 7, corrected by the subtraction of the number in Column 10 and the addition of the number in Column 11.

By the term "Non-residents" is meant persons brought into the District on account of sickness or infirmity, and dying in public institutions there; and by the term "Residents" is meant persons who have been taken out of the District on account of sickness or infirmity, and have died in public The "Public Institutions" taken into account for the purposes of these Tables are those into which persons are habitually received on account sickness or infirmity, such as hospitals, workhouses, and lunatic asylums. institutions elsewhere.

Number of Inhabited Houses Average number of persons per House Total Population at all ages Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water.)

At Census of 1907

TABLE II.—Vital Statistics of separate Localities in 1909 and previous years.

	Deaths under l year	29 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	22
RNE	Ils ts sthseU segA	6. 1117 131 109 115 104 94 97 127 91	107
DILHORNE	beretziger adtrid	242 242 310 2442 310 245 243 272 272 286 286 286 286 286 287 286 287 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288	213
DII	Population estimated to middle of the part of the properties of th	7576 7576 7576 7576 7576 7576 7576 7576	7576
1700 200 00 00 00	Deaths under l year	6 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	16
ES	Ils ts edtsəU səzA	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	98
IPSTONES	Births Registered	6. 150 195 1158 1158 1159 1159 1160 1160	163
IPS	Population estingor mated to middle reach year	6024 6024 6024 6024 6024 6024 6024 6024	6024
	Deaths under 1 year	<i>d.</i> 6 111 5 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	6
Z	lls ts sattsoU sogA		30
ALTON	Births registered	6. 1113 98 990 92 982 98 98 91 888 91 83 83 87	84
A	Population esting mated to middle of each year	3482 3482 3482 3482 3482 3482 3482 3482	3482
Ì	Deaths under l year	27 23 21 29 25 24 21 16 21 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	21
LE	lls ts adtsəU zəgA	6. 150 132 125 117 98 98 118 1113	110
CHEADLE	beretziger adtrid	233 227 227 227 237 237 237 233 233 233	226
CE	Population esti- mated to middle of each year	7575 7575 7575 7575 7575 7575 7575	7575
CT	Deaths under l·year	7. 0.20 6. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	68
STRI	Deaths at all ses	6. 394 432 423 414 414 467 399 397 466 398	438
DIG	Births registered	6.737 735 735 735 735 735 749 689 749 657 734	686
WHOLE DISTRICT	Population esting Population of the Teach Jean Teach Jean	23000 25000 25000 24657 24657 24657 24657 24657 24657 24657 24657	24657
Names of Localities	Year	1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 Averages of Years 1899 to 1908	1909

Notes.—(1) Deaths of residents occuring in public institutions beyond the District are included in sub-columns of this table, and those of non-residents registered in public institutions in the District excluded.

(2) Deaths of respients occurring in public institutions, whether within or without the District, are (See note on Table I as to meaning of terms "resident," and "non-resident.") allotted to the respective localities according to the addresses of the deceased.

TABLE III. - Cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the Year 1909.

d	to Hospital		eng giran, Madiennia		Alexander (Fig.)			
No. of Cases removed to Hospital from each locality	Total cases removed	ಣ		20	10			93
oital								
Hosp	Dilhorne	21		30	. 9		ļ	22
to]								
oved	sənotsql	-		_				5
rem	, 1							
ases		7		5				L-
of Ca	Alton			40				
70.					 -	·		
	Cheadle	6		14	4			27
K						i to have a se		
Total Cases notified in each locality	Dilhorne	30	-	52	9			68
ı loc		1				····		
eack	Ipstones	9		2	က			11
d in	souoteal							, [
tifie								
ss nc	Alton	4		18	2			24
Case								
otal	Cheadle	10	-	19	9	-		36
1	touwww.	L - 100 M M AND THE STATE OF TH	337177110	Marie de suites	on the sile of		an-minrafiafichts	- STATE BOTH THE STATE CHAPTER THE STATE OF
	Total Cases notified in Whole District					,		
	fled fled Dis	50	31	91	16	-		160
	rota noti hole							ī
- AND PROPERTY AND PARTY.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	ALTERNATURE 0	Political manual property		S & 70. 1	
			٠	•	•	•		•
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*	Notifiable Disease.	ng.	(In)		:	•		•
	e Di	ludii 8 Or				H		Totals
	fabl	(inc		er	rer	Peve		To
	Notii	eria	las	Fev	Fer	ral I		
	F-1	Diphtheria (including Membranous Croun)	ysipe	Scarlet Fever	Enteric Fever	Puerperal Fever		
		Dir	Bry	Sca	Ent	Pue		
C-10.25-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-17-								

Isolation Hospital—Cheadle Isolation Hospital, at Cheadle (provided by Rural District Council for cases of Scarlet Fever, Enteric Fever, and Diphtheria: Accommodation for fifteen cases.)

TABLE IV.—Causes of, and Ages at, Death during Year 1909.

Total Deaths whether of	or "non- Residents" in Public Institutions in the District		ကကေ	2 7-88 48 6	13	1 3 54	131
es of ng to curring trict.	ənrodliU	m	∞ H Cl m -	14 1 2 1 1	- 30 - 1 - 0 - 1	2 1 36	107
t all Age belongi ether oc the Dis	səuotsqI	H &	2 4	490001	1 4 1	36	98
Deaths at all Ages of "Residents" belonging to Localities, whether occurring in or beyond the District.	notlA		7 7	81841	67.80	1 - 4	30
D "Res Localit in or	Cheadle	1	2	10 . 8 . 14 . 6 . 6 .	.c. 2 4	33	110
	65 and up- wards		C7 F	1	28	43	106
s" whether ct,	25 and under 65		1 2 1	15 4 8 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 13 1	1 1 27	93
Ages of "Residents" whether beyond the District,	15 and under 25			co €3	7	L	111
	5 and under 15		4 -	0.0		ದ ಜ	14
t the subjoined occurring in or	1 and under 5	T T #	K - 4	9 8 2 1		10	41
Deaths at the subjoined occurring in or	Under 1 Year	1 10	5 -1	10 3		25	89
Ω	All	1 1 4	111 88 44 -	21 16 30 26 15	11 2 3 4 8	3 109	333
	Causes of Death.	Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping-cough	Enteritis Enteritis Enteritis Enteritis	Phthisis, (Pulmonary Tuberculosis) Other Tuberculous Diseases Cancer, (Malignant Disease) Bronchitis Pneumonia Pleurisy Alcoholism (Cirrhosis of Liver) Venereal Diseases	ats of Parturitio	Appendicitis Renal Disease All other Causes	All Causes

TABLE V.-INFANTILE MORTALITY DURING THE YEAR 1909.

Deaths from stated Causes in Weeks and Months under One Year of Age.

a water the same of the same o			
Total Deaths under One Year	65	10 11 11 12 13 10 10 10 10	89
11—12 Months	2		2
Months 11—01	9	co	9
sqruoM 016			
8 sútnolí	2		2
squoM 8—7	4	63	4
squojų 2—9	2		2
8-6 sdtnol/	5	т — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	9
sdinoid			2
3—4	က	ಣ	ಣ
sdinold	17	2 2	∞
1 sdinoid	9		9
Totalunder I Month	27		27
3—4 Weeks	4		4
2—3 Weeks	ಣ		က
2—1 ¥99₩	9		9
Under I Week	14	∞ H	14
Cause of Death.	(Certified	Whooping Cough Enteritis, Muco-enteritis, Gastro-enterit Gastritis, Gastro-intestinal Catarrh Premature Birth Congenital Defects Injury at Birth Want of Breast-milk, Starvation Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus Tuberculous Meningitis, Tuberculous Peritonitis, Tuberculous Peritonitis, Tuberculous overitinis, Tuberculous Peritonitis, Tuberculous Peritonitis, Tuberculous Peritonitis, Syphilis Convulsions Bronchitis Bronchitis Convulsions Bronchitis Convulsions Bronchitis Convulsions Convulsions Bronchitis Convulsions Convuls	Totals
	All Causes	Common Infectious Diseases Diarrhoeal Diseases Diseases Diseases Other Causes	

Population estimated to middle of 1909, 24657.

Births in the Year—legitimate 665; illegitimate 21.

Deaths from all causes at all Ages, 438.

Deaths in the Year—legitimate infants 67; illegitimate infants 1.





